TOWN OF DEL NORTE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

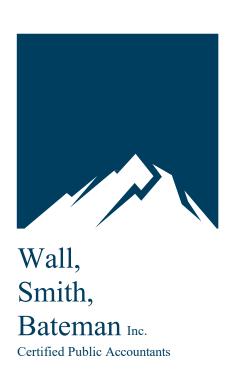


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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Town of Del Norte Del Norte, Colorado



Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Del Norte, Colorado (the Town) as of and for the year ended of December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Del Norte as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Town of Del Norte, Colorado Page 2

exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the General Fund budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees Town of Del Norte, Colorado Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial schedules and the Local Highway Finance Report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial schedules and the Local Highway Finance Report are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc

Wall, Smith, Bateman Inc. Alamosa, Colorado

June 13, 2023

TOWN OF DEL NORTE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2022

	Primary C		
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,594,453	\$ 2,357,460	\$ 6,951,913
Accounts Receivable	5,145	99,412	104,557
Due from Other Governments	206,779	-	206,779
Property Taxes Receivable	149,722	-	149,722
Inventories	-	62,169	62,169
Other Assets	555	- <u>- </u>	555
Total Current Assets	4,956,654	2,519,041	7,475,695
Capital Assets			
Construction in Progress	93,872	-	93,872
Land	212,507	-	212,507
Land Improvements	1,079,149	-	1,079,149
Buildings and Improvements	1,204,287	-	1,204,287
Utility System	-	12,323,661	12,323,661
Infrastructure	491,951	1,119,994	1,611,945
Machinery and Equipment	565,195	698,501	1,263,696
Vehicles	498,047	-	498,047
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,874,635)	(3,537,899)	(5,412,534)
Total Capital Assets	2,270,373	10,604,257	12,874,630
TOTAL ASSETS	7,227,027	13,123,298	20,350,325
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	29,161	13,217	42,378
Unearned Revenue - Grant Revenue	256,358	-	256,358
Notes Payable	-	125,386	125,386
Total Current Liabilities	285,519	138,603	424,122
Long-Term Liabilities			
Compensated Absences	34,625	28,811	63,436
Notes Payable	-	4,414,149	4,414,149
Total Long-Term Liabilities	34,625	4,442,960	4,477,585
TOTAL LIABILITIES	320,144	4,581,563	4,901,707
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - CURRENT			
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	149,722		149,722
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	149,722	_ _	149,722

TOWN OF DEL NORTE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2022

	Primary Go	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	TOTAL				
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,270,373	6,064,722	8,335,095				
Restricted for:							
TABOR	51,000	-	51,000				
Debt Service	103,885	160,254	264,139				
Unrestricted	4,331,903	2,316,759	6,648,662				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 6,757,161	\$ 8,541,735	\$ 15,298,896				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

TOWN OF DEL NORTE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			Changes in No.				ges in Net Po	sition					
					Progr	am Revenues	S			Prima	ry Governm	ent	
Functions/Programs]	Expenses		Charges for Services	0	perating Frants & atributions	G	Capital rants & tributions	vernmental Activities		iness-Type		TOTAL
Primary Government													
Governmental Activities													
General Government	\$	222,410	\$	48,683	\$	14,625	\$	-	\$ (159,102)	\$	-	\$	(159,102)
Public Safety		401,501		26,259		-		-	(375,242)		-		(375,242)
Highways and Streets		296,839		270		84,187		-	(212,382)		-		(212,382)
Health and Welfare		5,335		5,925		-		-	590		-		590
Culture and Recreation		83,511		-		12,330		-	(71,181)		-		(71,181)
Interest Expense		1							(1)				(1)
Total Governmental Activities		1,009,597		81,137		111,142			(817,318)				(817,318)
Business-Type Activities													
Water		504,829		602,230		-		60,131	-		157,532		157,532
Sewer		615,231		494,186				29,202			(91,843)		(91,843)
Total Business-Type Activities		1,120,060		1,096,416		_		89,333	_		65,689		65,689
Total Primary Government	\$	2,129,657	\$	1,177,553	\$	111,142	\$	89,333	 (817,318)		65,689		(751,629)
	Tax												
		eneral Property	Taxe	s - Net					145,076		-		145,076
		iles Taxes							1,220,556		-		1,220,556
		anchise Taxes							80,397		-		80,397
		ther Taxes							20,549		-		20,549
		erest on Investm	ents						24,251		17,366		41,617
		scellaneous							 7,406		5,013		12,419
	Tota	ll General Rev	enues						 1,498,235		22,379		1,520,614
		Change in Net	Posit	ion					680,917		88,068		768,985
	Net l	Position - Begi	nning						 6,076,244		8,453,667		14,529,911
	Net l	Position - Endi	ng						\$ 6,757,161	\$	8,541,735	\$	15,298,896

TOWN OF DEL NORTE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2022

	GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND			OTHER CRNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
ASSETS	ф	2.540.007	Ф	1 022 (01	ф	212.065	Φ.	4.504.452	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	2,548,807 5,145	\$	1,832,681	\$	212,965	\$	4,594,453 5,145	
Due from Other Governments		120,508		86,271		-		206,779	
Property Taxes Receivable		149,722		80,271		-		149,722	
Other Assets		149,722		<u>-</u>		555		555	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,824,182	\$	1,918,952	\$	213,520	\$	4,956,654	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	24,698	\$	4,372	\$	91	\$	29,161	
Unearned Revenue - Grant Income		256,358		-		-		256,358	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		281,056		4,372		91		285,519	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax		149,722						149,722	
TOTAL DEFERRED									
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		149,722						149,722	
FUND BALANCE									
Restricted:									
TABOR		51,000		-		102.005		51,000	
Debt Service		-		-		103,885		103,885	
Committed:				1.014.500				1.014.500	
Capital Improvements Culture and Recreation		-		1,914,580		- 109,544		1,914,580	
Assigned		240,132		-		109,544		109,544 240,132	
Unassigned		2,102,272		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		2,102,272	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,393,404		1,914,580		213,429		4,521,413	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFL	ows,								
OF RESOURCES AND									
FUND BALANCE	\$	2,824,182	\$	1,918,952	\$	213,520	\$	4,956,654	

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 4,521,413
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	2,270,373
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated Absences	 (34,625)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,757,161

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	GENERAL FUND				GOVE	OTHER RNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$	916,755	\$	549,823	\$	-	\$	1,466,578	
Licenses and Permits		3,997		-		-		3,997	
Intergovernmental Revenue		98,812		-		9,330		108,142	
Charges for Services		50,862		-		-		50,862	
Fines and Forfeits		26,259		-		-		26,259	
Interest on Accounts		13,120		9,253		1,878		24,251	
Miscellaneous Revenue		10,425				-		10,425	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,120,230		559,076		11,208		1,690,514	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government		185,271		1,522		-		186,793	
Public Safety		385,362		-		-		385,362	
Highways and Streets		190,677		37,577		-		228,254	
Health and Welfare		5,335		-		-		5,335	
Culture and Recreation		31,203		-		16,755		47,958	
Debt Service		-		-		1		1	
Capital Outlay		72,432		212,798		-		285,230	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		870,280		251,897		16,756		1,138,933	
Net Change in Fund Balances		249,950		307,179		(5,548)		551,581	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,143,454		1,607,401		218,977		3,969,832	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,393,404	\$	1,914,580	\$	213,429	\$	4,521,413	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	
--	--

\$ 551,581

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the difference between capital outlay and depreciation in the current period.

Fixed asset additions \$ 265,270

Depreciation expense (135,934)

129,336

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 680,917

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2022

	WATER FUND	SEWER FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,009,548	\$ 1,347,912	\$ 2,357,460
Accounts Receivable	38,940	60,472	99,412
Inventories	54,993	7,176	62,169
Total Current Assets	1,103,481	1,415,560	2,519,041
Capital Assets			
Utility System	2,770,264	9,553,397	12,323,661
Machinery and Equipment	281,821	416,680	698,501
Infrastructure	1,119,994	-	1,119,994
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(2,276,002)	(1,261,897)	(3,537,899)
Total Capital Assets	1,896,077	8,708,180	10,604,257
TOTAL ASSETS	2,999,558	10,123,740	13,123,298
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	3,861	9,356	13,217
Notes Payable	36,236	89,150	125,386
Total Current Liabilities	40,097	98,506	138,603
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated Absences	17,551	11,260	28,811
Notes Payable	199,293	4,214,856	4,414,149
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	216,844	4,226,116	4,442,960
TOTAL LIABILITIES	256,941	4,324,622	4,581,563
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,660,548	4,404,174	6,064,722
Restricted- USDA Reserve	-	160,254	160,254
Unrestricted	1,082,069	1,234,690	2,316,759
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,742,617	\$ 5,799,118	\$ 8,541,735

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	WATER FUND		SEV	WER FUND	TOTAL		
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for Services							
Service Charges	\$	543,642	\$	494,186	\$	1,037,828	
Miscellaneous Revenue		58,588		5,013		63,601	
Total Operating Revenues		602,230		499,199		1,101,429	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries		127,774		112,098		239,872	
Benefits		54,617		39,968		94,585	
Supplies		18,984		10,746		29,730	
Professional Services		36,482		98,112		134,594	
Utilities, Gas and Oil		63,638		50,898		114,536	
Equipment Repairs & Maintenance		28,599		6,923		35,522	
Insurance and Bonds		20,000		17,731		37,731	
Administration - Police Department		23,108		-		23,108	
Miscellaneous		731		85		816	
Depreciation		130,896		224,274		355,170	
Total Operating Expenses		504,829		560,835		1,065,664	
Operating Income (Loss)		97,401		(61,636)		35,765	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Interest on Accounts		14,742		2,624		17,366	
Grant Revenue		60,131		29,202		89,333	
Interest Expense				(54,396)		(54,396)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		74,873		(22,570)		52,303	
Net Income (Loss)		172,274		(84,206)		88,068	
Net Position at Beginning of Year		2,570,343		5,883,324		8,453,667	
Net Position at End of Year	\$	2,742,617	\$	5,799,118	\$	8,541,735	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 WATER FUND	SEWER FUND	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Customers Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Cash Payments to Employees Cash Payments for Employee Benefits and Taxes	\$ 610,595 (191,487) (127,774) (54,617)	\$ 502,736 (179,835) (112,098) (39,968)	\$ 1,113,331 (371,322) (239,872) (94,585)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 236,717	 170,835	 407,552
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Fixed Assets Grant Proceeds Interest Paid on Notes and Bonds Principal Paid on Notes and Bonds	(60,131) 60,131 - (36,236)	(29,202) 29,202 (54,396) (88,044)	(89,333) 89,333 (54,396) (124,280)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) FOR CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(36,236)	 (142,440)	 (178,676)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Income	14,742	2,624	17,366
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 14,742	2,624	 17,366
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	215,223	31,019	246,242
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	794,325	1,316,893	 2,111,218
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,009,548	\$ 1,347,912	\$ 2,357,460
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to	\$ 97,401	\$ (61,636)	\$ 35,765
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities Depreciation Expense	130,896	224,274	355,170
Change in Assets and Liabilities (Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	8,365	3,537	11,902
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences	55 -	4,660	4,715
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 236,717	\$ 170,835	\$ 407,552

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the Town of Del Norte, (the Town), reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in *Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*.

REPORTING ENTITY

Primary Government

The Town of Del Norte was originally incorporated on December 14, 1873, and became a statutory Town under State Statute (CRS 31-1-101) on July 3, 1877. The Town operates under a Town Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police), highways and streets, sanitation, insect control, culture and recreation, planning and zoning, water and sewer systems, and general administrative services.

Component Units

The Town's combined financial statements include the accounts of all Town operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the Town's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- The Town holds the corporate powers of the organization
- The Town appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- The Town is able to impose its will on the organization
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the Town
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the Town
- The organization is financially accountable to the Town
- The organization receives or holds funds that are for the benefit of the Town; and the Town has access to a majority of the funds held; and the funds that are accessible are also significant to the Town

Based on the aforementioned criteria, the Town does not have any component units.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the Town, except for Town fiduciary activity. The effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Mainly taxes and intergovernmental revenues support governmental activities.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include:

 Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and

Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a
particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are
reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds and enterprise funds, each reported as a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement is also used for the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements, imposed by the provider, are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales and use taxes, other taxes, charges for services, intergovernmental revenues, and interest are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the Town. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *Capital Improvement Fund* is used for the aggregation of monies for future capital purchases. Sources of revenue are derived from transfers from other funds and sales taxes assigned for capital improvements.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

- The *Water Fund* is used to account for user charges and expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the Town's water system.
- The **Sewer Fund** is used to account for user charges and expenses for operating, financing, and maintaining the Town's sewer system.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Cash and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash in bank, certificates of deposit, and liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All investments, if any, are recorded at fair market value.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. The taxes are payable in two installments on February 28 and June 15 or in full on April 30. The Town's property taxes are collected by the County Treasurer who remits monthly receipts to the Town. Property tax revenue is recognized by the Town to the extent it results in a current receivable.

The 2022 property tax levy due January 1, 2023, has been recorded in the financial statements as a receivable and corresponding deferred inflows of resources in the financial statements.

Inventory

Inventories held by all funds, except the Water and Sewer Funds, have been recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Water and Sewer Fund inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, equipment, vehicles, and construction in progress, are reported in the governmental and business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The Town defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and life of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	5-50
Equipment	3-15
Utility System	10-40
Infrastructure	10-20
Vehicles	5-10

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Town.

Compensated Absences

The Town employees may earn and accumulate unused vacation and overtime benefits. All vacation and overtime pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements for governmental fund types, debt proceeds are reported as an other financing source and debt payments are reported as debt service expenditures.

Unearned Revenue

Revenues on grants, which are restricted by the grant document for specific purposes, are recognized as revenue only after eligible grant costs have been incurred. Grant funds received in excess of grant expenditures are recorded as unearned revenues.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section of deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Interest Capitalization

Interest costs are capitalized when incurred by proprietary funds and similar component units on debt where proceeds were used to finance the construction of assets. Interest earned on proceeds of tax-exempt borrowing arrangements restricted to the acquisition of qualifying assets is offset against interest costs in determining the amount to be capitalized. No interest was capitalized in the current period.

Encumbrances

The Town records purchase orders in the accounting system upon approval of administration. End of the year fund balance intended to be used in the succeeding year is reported as designated fund balance.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position should be displayed in the following three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt should be included in this component of net position.
- Restricted consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to
 those assets. Restricted assets consist of assets that have limitations imposed on their use either through
 enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of
 other governments.
- Unrestricted consists of the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred
 inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the
 restricted components of net position.

Fund Balance

Fund balances are reported based on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints for the specific purpose on which amounts in the fund can be spent. Fund balances are classified in one of the following five categories:

- *Nonspendable Fund Balance* amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form such as inventory and prepaid insurance.
- Restricted Fund Balance restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a result of constraints imposed by the Board of Trustees through ordinance or resolution, the highest level of decision making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of action. Committed fund balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Assigned Fund Balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the Town Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.
- *Unassigned Fund Balance* amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts from 2021 have been reclassified to conform to the 2022 financial statement presentation.

New Accounting Pronouncements

During fiscal year 2022, the Town adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, that establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. The standard requires the recognition of certain leases assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. This standard does not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Town.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town of Del Norte follows the procedures set forth in the Colorado Local Government Budget Law when preparing the annual budget for each fund. Budget procedures include:

- Preparation of budget documents by administrative staff shall be submitted to the Board no later than October 15 of each year.
- Publication of a notice stating that the budget is available for public inspection.
- Discussion of the budget in a meeting open to the public.
- Adoption of the budget in a public meeting by appropriate resolution, no later than December 31.
- Ordinance to adopt supplemental appropriations.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for all funds of the Town. All fund budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except for the Water and Sewer funds.

The total expenditures for each fund cannot exceed the budgeted amount unless a supplemental appropriation is adopted. The Town did adopt supplemental appropriations during 2022. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the final amended budget.

Stewardship

Total expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations in the Water Fund by \$67,442. This may be a violation of Colorado Revised Statutes 29-1-110.

NOTE 3 CASH, DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

At December 31, 2022 cash, deposits, and investments consisted of the following:

Cash on Hand	\$ 650
Cash in Banks	5,713,337
Investment in ColoTrust	1,237,926
Total cash, deposits, and investments on the Statement of Net Position	\$ 6,951,913

CASH AND DEPOSITS

Colorado State Statutes govern the Town's deposits of cash. The statutes specify eligible depositories for public cash deposits, which must be Colorado institutions and must maintain federal insurance (FDIC) on deposits held.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized in accordance with the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits. All deposits in 2022 were in eligible public depositories, as defined by the Public Deposit Protection Act of 1989.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to it. At December 31, 2022, \$4,983,425 was exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits exposed to credit risk are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions through PDPA.

INVESTMENTS

The Town's investments are subject to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The types of investments which are authorized to be made with Town funds are controlled by state statute and the investment policies of the Town. Colorado statutes and the Town's investment policies specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which the Town may invest:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Local government investment pools
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Corporate or bank debt issued by eligible corporations or banks

Credit Risk

The Town's investment policy calls for investment diversification within the portfolio to avoid unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions, or maturities. The Town's investment policy allows for the Town to invest in local government investment pools. As of December 31, 2022, the local government investment pool (COLOTRUST) in which the Town had invested, was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk

Colorado Revised Statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less from the date of purchase. This limit on investment maturities is a means of limiting exposure to fair values arising from increasing interest rates. The Town has no investments with maturities past five years.

The Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado pursuant to Part 7 of Article 75 of Title 24 of the Colorado Revised Statutes, to pool surplus funds for investment purposes. COLOTRUST operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned by the pool are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the pool. Investments of the pool consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes, and note strips and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury Notes.

Investments in local government investment pools or money market funds are not categorized by risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

NOTE 4 DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Intergovernmental receivables include amounts due from grantors for specific program grants. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred.

As of December 31, 2022, the Town had \$206,779 due from Federal, State, and Local governments, reflected as intergovernmental receivables in the accompanying basic financial statements.

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance 12/31/2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/2022
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ 93,872	\$ -	\$ 93,872
Land	212,507			212,507
Total capital assets not being depreciated	212,507	93,872	_	306,379
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land Improvements	1,079,149	-	_	1,079,149
Buildings and Improvements	1,108,286	96,001	_	1,204,287
Infrastructure	491,951	-	_	491,951
Machinery and Equipment	550,221	14,974	-	565,195
Vehicles	437,624	60,423	-	498,047
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,667,231	171,398	-	3,838,629
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	79,330	39,665	-	118,995
Buildings and Improvements	529,164	32,917	-	562,081
Infrastructure	307,743	28,501	-	336,244
Machinery and Equipment	509,515	9,991	-	519,506
Vehicles	312,949	24,860	-	337,809
Total accumulated depreciation	1,738,701	135,934		1,874,635
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,928,530	35,464		1,963,994
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,141,037	\$ 129,336	\$ -	\$ 2,270,373
Business-type Activities Capital assets being depreciated				
Property, Plant and Equipment	\$ 14,052,823	\$ 89,333	\$ -	\$ 14,142,156
Accumulated Depreciation	(3,182,729)	(355,170)		(3,537,899)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	10,870,094	(265,837)		10,604,257
Business-type Capital Assets, Net	\$ 10,870,094	\$ (265,837)	\$ -	\$ 10,604,257

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 35,617
Public Safety	16,139
Highways and Streets	48,625
Culture and Recreation	35,553
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 135,934
Business-type Activities	
Business-type Activities Water Services	\$ 130,896
**	\$ 130,896 224,274

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

	Balance 2/31/2021	Add	litions	Re	payments	Balance 2/31/2022	e Within ne Year
Governmental Activities Compensated Absences	\$ 34,625	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 34,625	\$ -
Governmental Activities Total	\$ 34,625	\$		\$		\$ 34,625	\$ <u>-</u>
Business-type Activities Notes Payable CWRPDA Loan USDA Loan Compensated Absences	\$ 271,765 4,392,050 28,811	\$	- - - -	\$	36,236 88,044	\$ 235,529 4,304,006 28,811	\$ 36,236 89,150
Business-type Activities Total	\$ 4,692,626	\$		\$	124,280	\$ 4,568,346	\$ 125,386

Business-type Activities

Notes Payable

On December 31, 2009, the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority loaned the Town \$934,000 at an interest rate of 0.0% annually. This loan was obtained for installation of water meters and replacing service lines. During 2011, the project was completed and the Town had not drawn down the full balance of the loan. The principal balance was adjusted by the Colorado Water Resources and Power Development Authority to \$745,642, the amount of total draws. The note is to be repaid in semi-annual installments of \$18,118 for a period of 20 years. The initial payment was due November 1, 2009, and the final payment is due May 1, 2029. The loan is secured with "net revenue" from the water enterprise fund pledged to repay the loan.

The annual debt service for the note payable is as follows:

	Principal		In	terest	Total		
2023 2024	\$	36,236 36,236	\$	-	\$	36,236 36,236	
2025		36,236		-		36,236	
2026 2027		36,236 36,236		-		36,236 36,236	
2028-2029		54,349				54,349	
	\$	235,529	\$	-	\$	235,529	

On February 10, 2016, the Town entered into a loan with the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), in the amount of \$4,479,000 with an interest rate of 2.125% annually, which was changed to 1.250% annually at closing, to complete the wastewater capital improvement project. On December 18, 2020 the loan was closed out. The loan is to be repaid in monthly installments of \$11,870 for a period of 40 years. The initial payment was due January 1, 2021 and the final payment is due December 18, 2060.

The annual debt service for the note payable is as follows:

	Principal		I	nterest		Total
2023	\$ 8	9,150	\$	53,290	\$	142,440
2024	9	0,270		52,170		142,440
2025	9	1,405		51,035		142,440
2026	9	2,554		49,886		142,440
2027	9	3,718		48,722		142,440
2028-2032	48	6,561		225,639		712,200
2033-2037	51	7,925		194,275		712,200
2038-2042	55	1,310		160,890		712,200
2043-2047	58	6,847		125,353		712,200
2048-2052	62	4,676		87,524		712,200
2053-2057	66	4,941		47,259		712,200
2058-2060	41	4,649		7,953		422,602
	\$ 4,30	4,006	\$1,	103,996	\$5	,408,002

NOTE 7 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLANS

Profit-Sharing Plan

The Town contributes to the Town of Del Norte Profit Sharing Plan (the Plan), a defined contribution plan for all employees, except sworn police officers. The Plan is administered by the Town of Del Norte and investment funds are managed by Pension Management Associates, Inc. The Plan permits participant self-direction on all accounts. The Plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Plan are established and may be amended by the Town Board of Trustees. For each employee in the pension plan, the Town is required to contribute four percent of compensation to an individual employee account. Employees are not permitted to make contributions to the Plan. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$24,064.

Employees become vested in Town contributions and earnings beginning in year two of a seven year vesting schedule. Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. Nonvested Town contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. Such forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the pension plan's administrative expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2022, forfeitures reduced the Town's pension expense by \$0.

Police Money Purchase Pension Plan

The Town contributes to the Town of Del Norte Police Department Money Purchase Plan (the Plan), a defined contribution plan for all sworn police officers of the Town. The Plan is administered by the Town of Del Norte and investment funds are managed by Pension Management Associates, Inc. The Plan permits participant self-direction on all accounts. The Plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Plan are established and may be amended by the Town Board of Trustees. For each employee in the pension plan, the Town is required to contribute eight percent of compensation to an individual employee account. Employees are required to contribute eight percent of compensation to the Plan. For the year ended December 31, 2022, employee contributions totaled \$11,024 and the Town recognized pension expense of \$14,550.

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions and become vested in Town contributions and earnings beginning in year two of a seven year vesting schedule. Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. Nonvested Town contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. Such forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the pension plan's administrative expenses. For the year ended December 31, 2022, forfeitures reduced the Town's pension expense by \$0.

NOTE 8 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Town offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan is administered by the Town of Del Norte and investment funds are managed by Security Benefit, Inc. The plan, available to all Town employees, upon hire, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the employees contributed \$5,400. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergencies.

The Town has no other liability other than to make the required monthly contribution.

NOTE 9 TABOR EMERGENCY RESERVE

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The Town believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment.

On April 4, 2000, the voters of Del Norte passed a ballot issue to permit the Town of Del Norte "in 1999 and each subsequent year thereafter, to retain and spend Town revenues in excess of the spending, revenue raising, or other limits in Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado constitution, utilizing such revenues for public safety, municipal services, transportation and other public improvements, parks and recreational facilities, and any other lawful purpose as voter-approved revenue change".

The amendment also requires that emergency reserves be established. These reserves must be at least 3 percent of fiscal year spending in 1995 and thereafter. This emergency reserve has been presented as a restricted fund balance in General Fund and restricted net position in the government-wide financial statements. The entity is not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

NOTE 10 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grant Programs

The Town participates in a number of state grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects any such amounts to be immaterial.

TOWN OF DEL NORTE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements, a budgetary comparison schedule is required for the General Fund and, if applicable, each of the Town's major special revenue funds.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		BUDGETED) AM				FINA Po	ANCE WITH AL BUDGET OSITIVE
		RIGINAL		FINAL	P	ACTUAL	(NI	EGATIVE)
REVENUES	4	-22 0.7.4		-22 0.7.4		046	•	102.001
Taxes	\$	732,854	\$	732,854	\$	916,755	\$	183,901
Licenses and Permits		5,625		5,625		3,997		(1,628)
Intergovernmental Revenue								
Highway Users Tax		62,029		62,029		64,746		2,717
Additional Motor Vehicle Fees		7,300		7,300		7,293		(7)
County Road and Bridge Fund		12,000		12,000		12,148		148
Grants		197,058		197,058		14,625		(182,433)
Charges for Services		24,945		24,945		50,862		25,917
Fines and Forfeits		28,300		28,300		26,259		(2,041)
Interest on Accounts		4,600		4,600		13,120		8,520
Miscellaneous Revenue		36,375		36,375		10,425		(25,950)
TOTAL REVENUE		1,111,086		1,111,086		1,120,230		9,144
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		399,291		399,291		185,271		214,020
Public Safety		430,208		430,208		385,362		44,846
Highways and Streets		205,718		205,718		190,677		15,041
Health and Welfare		6,695		6,695		5,335		1,360
Culture and Recreation		31,550		31,550		31,203		347
Capital Outlay		250,000		250,000		72,432		177,568
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,323,462		1,323,462		870,280		453,182
Net Change in Fund Balance		(212,376)		(212,376)		249,950		462,326
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,313,051		2,313,051		2,143,454		(169,597)
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,100,675	\$	2,100,675	\$	2,393,404	\$	292,729

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP. This schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

TOWN OF DEL NORTE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF DEL NORTE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to be expended for particular purposes.

Conservation Trust Fund – This fund is used to account for the Town's share of the state lottery program. The monies may be expended only for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of parks, and other public recreational facilities.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to make payments on the Town's sales tax revenue bonds. Revenue is from taxes collected by the Town for this specific purpose.

TOWN OF DEL NORTE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

December 31, 2022

	Speci	ial Revenue Fund				
	П	SERVATION FRUST FUND	S	DEBT SERVICE FUND	NO	TOTAL NMAJOR CRNMENTAL
ASSETS			-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Other Assets	\$	109,080 555	\$	103,885	\$	212,965 555
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	109,635	\$	103,885	\$	213,520
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES	\$	91	\$		\$	91
TOTAL LIABILITIES		91				91
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted for: Debt Service		-		103,885		103,885
Committed: Culture and Recreation		109,544		-		109,544
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		109,544		103,885		213,429
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	109,635	\$	103,885	\$	213,520

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Special Revo	enue
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	Fund SERVATION TRUST FUND	_	DEBT SERVICE FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL		
REVENUES		Φ.				
Intergovernmental Revenue Interest on Accounts	\$ 9,330 1,395	\$	483	\$	9,330 1,878	
TOTAL REVENUES	 10,725		483		11,208	
EXPENDITURES Culture and Recreation Debt Service	 16,755		- 1		16,755 1	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 16,755		1		16,756	
Change in Fund Balances	(6,030)		482		(5,548)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	 115,574		103,403		218,977	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 109,544	\$	103,885	\$	213,429	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

TADIANCE WITH

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL FINAL					ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		
REVENUES		RIGINAL		FINAL		CTUAL	(112	GATIVE)	
Taxes	\$	400,800	\$	400,800	\$	549,823	\$	149,023	
Interest on Accounts	_	4,500		4,500	_	9,253		4,753	
TOTAL REVENUES		405,300		405,300		559,076		153,776	
EXPENDITURES									
General Government		67,000		67,000		1,522		65,478	
Highways and Streets		-		-		37,577		(37,577)	
Capital Outlay		700,916		700,916		212,798		488,118	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		767,916		767,916		251,897		516,019	
Change in Fund Balance		(362,616)		(362,616)		307,179		669,795	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		1,504,723		1,504,723		1,607,401		102,678	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	1,142,107	\$	1,142,107	\$	1,914,580	\$	772,473	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

This schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CONSERVATION TRUST FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS						VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE		
	OF	RIGINAL		FINAL	A	CTUAL	(NE	GATIVE)	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental Revenue									
Lottery Proceeds	\$	10,400	\$	10,400	\$	9,330	\$	(1,070)	
Interest on Accounts		900		900		1,395		495	
TOTAL REVENUES		11,300		11,300		10,725		(575)	
EXPENDITURES									
Culture and Recreation		11,300		18,500		16,755		1,745	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		11,300		18,500		16,755		1,745	
Change in Fund Balance		-		(7,200)		(6,030)		1,170	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		115,574		115,574		115,574			
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	115,574	\$	108,374	\$	109,544	\$	1,170	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

This schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		BUDGETED					FINAL POS	ICE WITH BUDGET ITIVE
	OF	RIGINAL	I	FINAL	A	CTUAL	(NEG	ATIVE)
REVENUES								
Interest on Accounts	\$	490	\$	490	\$	483	\$	(7)
TOTAL REVENUES		490		490		483		(7)
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service								
Trustee Fees		490		490		1	-	489
Total Debt Service		490		490		1		489
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		490		490		1		489
Change in Fund Balance		-		-		482		482
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		103,312		103,312		103,403		91
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	103,312	\$	103,312	\$	103,885	\$	573

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

This schedule is presented on the GAAP basis.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) WATER FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		BUDGETED) AM(DUNTS			FINA	ANCE WITH L BUDGET OSITIVE
	О	RIGINAL		FINAL	1	ACTUAL	(NE	GATIVE)
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for Services								
Service Charges	\$	490,054	\$	490,054	\$	543,642	\$	53,588
Miscellaneous Revenue		15,700		15,700		58,588		42,888
Total Operating Revenues		505,754		505,754		602,230		96,476
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries		100,499		120,499		127,774		(7,275)
Benefits		57,693		57,693		54,617		3,076
Operating Supplies		20,300		20,300		18,984		1,316
Other Professional Services		47,000		47,000		36,482		10,518
Utilities, Gas and Oil		55,033		55,033		63,638		(8,605)
Equipment Repairs & Maintenance		21,600		21,600		28,599		(6,999)
Insurance and Bonds		24,800		24,800		20,000		4,800
Administration - Police Department		22,582		22,582		23,108		(526)
Miscellaneous		4,675		4,675		731		3,944
Depreciation		123,336		123,336		130,896		(7,560)
Capital Outlay		-				60,131		(60,131)
Total Operating Expenses		477,518		497,518		564,960		(67,442)
Operating Income (Loss)		28,236		8,236		37,270		29,034
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest on Accounts		8,000		8,000		14,742		6,742
Grant Revenue		-		-		60,131		60,131
Debt Payments		(36,236)		(36,236)		(36,236)		<u>-</u>
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(28,236)		(28,236)	1	38,637		66,873
Net Income - Budget Basis		-		(20,000)		75,907	\$	95,907
Add: Capital Outlay						60,131		
Add: Principal Payment on Debt						36,236		
Change in Net Position						172,274		
Net Position at Beginning of Year		2,537,736		2,537,736		2,570,343		
Net Position at End of Year	\$	2,537,736	\$	2,517,736	\$	2,742,617		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) SEWER FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		BUDGETED	. A N//	NUNTE			FINA	ANCE WITH AL BUDGET
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL		POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
OPERATING REVENUES		donal		TIVAL		ACTUAL		EGATIVE)
Charges for Services								
Service Charges	\$	485,707	\$	485,707	\$	494,186	\$	8,479
Miscellaneous Revenue		-		-		5,013		5,013
Total Operating Revenues		485,707		485,707		499,199		13,492
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries		102,014		118,930		112,098		6,832
Benefits		43,423		43,423		39,968		3,455
Operating Supplies		14,500		14,500		10,746		3,754
Professional Services		62,000		62,000		98,112		(36,112)
Utilities, Gas and Oil		54,000		54,000		50,898		3,102
Equipment Repairs and Maintenance		6,500		6,500		6,923		(423)
Insurance and Bonds		19,000		19,000		17,731		1,269
Miscellaneous		1,850		1,850		85		1,765
Depreciation		41,080		300,164		224,274		75,890
Capital Outlay						29,202		(29,202)
Total Operating Expenses		344,367		620,367		590,037		30,330
Operating Income (Loss)		141,340		(134,660)		(90,838)		43,822
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest on Accounts		1,100		1,100		2,624		1,524
Grant Revenue		-		-		29,202		29,202
Debt Payments		(142,440)		(142,440)		(142,439)		1
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(141,340)		(141,340)		(110,613)		30,727
Net Income - Budget Basis		-		(276,000)		(201,451)	\$	74,549
Add: Capital Outlay						29,202		
Add: Principal Payment on Debt						88,043		
Change in Net Position						(84,206)		
Net Position at Beginning of Year		5,940,709		5,940,709		5,883,324		
Net Position at End of Year	\$	5,940,709	\$	5,664,709	\$	5,799,118		

TOWN OF DEL NORTE OTHER SCHEDULES AND REPORTS

The paone report outden for this information concedion is estimated	to average 500 nours annually.		City or County:	Town of Del Norte
LOCAL HICHWAY E	INANCE DEPORT		YEAR ENDING :	Rio Grande County
LOCAL HIGHWAY F	INANCE REPORT		December 31, 2022	
This Information From The Records Of Town of Del N	orte:	Prepared By:	Ramona Dordan	
		Phone:	719-657-2708	
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-US	ER REVENUES AVAIL	ABLE FOR LOCAL O	GOVERNMENT EXPEN	DITURE
	A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from
ITEM	Motor-Fuel	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
	Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration
Total receipts available				
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes				
4. Minus amount used for mass transit				
5. Remainder used for highway purposes				
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREE	T PURPOSES		ISBURSEMENTS FOR AND STREET PURPO	
ITEM	AMOUNT		TEM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:	AMOUNT	A. Local highway dish		AMOUNT
Local highway-user taxes		Capital outlay (fr		0
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	pu <u>60 2)</u>	54,821
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		Road and street s	ervices:	31,021
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic control		
General fund appropriations		b. Snow and ice		
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	266,861	c. Other		24,967
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	0	d. Total (a. thro	igh c.)	24,967
5. Transfers from toll facilities			ration & miscellaneous	110,889
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law enf		160,372
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through		351,049
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on loc	al obligations:	
c. Notes		1. Bonds:		
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	0	a. Interest		
7. Total (1 through 6)	266,861	b. Redemption		
B. Private Contributions		c. Total (a. + b.)		0
C. Receipts from State government		2. Notes:		
(from page 2)	84,188	a. Interest		
D. Receipts from Federal Government		b. Redemption		
(from page 2)	0	c. Total (a. + b.)		0
E. Total receipts $(A.7 + B + C + D)$	351,049	3. Total $(1.c + 2.c)$		0
		C. Payments to State		
		D. Payments to toll fa		251.040
		E. Total disbursemen	ts (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)	351,049
	IV. LOCAL HIGHWA (Show all entri			
	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)	1		1	0
Bonds (Refunding Portion)				
B. Notes (Total)				0
V. Le	OCAL ROAD AND STR	EET FUND BALANCI	E	
A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursements	D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
71. Beginning Balance	351,049	351,049		0
Notes and Comments:	201,019	551,0.5		
Trotes and Comments.				
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	STATE: Colorado
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	YEAR ENDING (mm/yy): December 31, 2022

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments		a. Interest on investments	
b. Other local imposts:		 b. Traffic Fines & Penalities 	
1. Sales Taxes	266,861	c. Parking Garage Fees	
Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
Specific Ownership &/or Other		g. Other Misc. Receipts	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	266,861	h. Other	
c. Total (a. + b.)	266,861	i. Total (a. through h.)	
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	64,747	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
 a. State bond proceeds 		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	7,293	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)Road&Bridge	12,148	f. Other Federal	0
f. Total (a. through e.)	19,441	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	84,188	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
A 1. Conital autlaw	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs			0
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			0
(2). Capacity Improvements	0	0	0
(3). System Preservation	0	0	0
(4). System Enhancement & Operation	0	0	0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	0	0
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	0	0
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments:

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